

Structure, electrochemistry and hydroformylation catalytic activity of the bis(pyrazolylborato)rhodium(I) complexes [RhBp(CO)P] [P=P(NC₄H₄)₃, PPh₃, PCy₃, P(C₆H₄OMe-4)₃].

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Rhodium complexes of formula [RhBp(CO)P] [Bp = bis(pyrazolylborate), P = P(NC₄H₄)₃, PPh₃, PCy₃, P(C₆H₄OMe-4)₃] have been prepared by exchange of the acetylacetonate (acac⁻) ligand in [Rh(acac)(CO)P] complexes. The spectroscopic and electrochemical properties as well as X-ray data of [Rh(acac)(CO)P] and [RhBp(CO)P] complexes have been compared with the aim to estimate the relative donor properties of both anionic ligands (acac⁻ and Bp⁻). The cyclic voltammetric results indicate that the Bp⁻ ligand behaves as a much stronger electron donor than acac⁻ and a value of the Lever-El ligand parameter identical to that of the pyrazolate ligand (-0.24 V vs. NHE for each coordinating arm) is proposed for the bis- and tris(pyrazolyl)borate ligands, whereas P(C₆H₄OMe-4)₃ is also shown to have an identical EL value (0.69 V) to that of P(NC₄H₄)₃. An improved linear relationship between the oxidation potential and the sum of the ligand EL values for square-planar Rh(I) complexes is also obtained and adjusted values for the Lever-El and IM parameters for the Rh(I)/Rh(II) redox couple are given. The trans influence of phosphanes was not observed in crystals of complexes 2 and 3, in contrast to analogous acetylacetonate complexes in which the Rh-O bonds differ by ca. 0.04–0.06 Å. Complexes 1–4 are very attractive precursors for hydroformylation catalysts and yields of aldehydes of 80–87% have been obtained with all complexes without extra phosphane as co-catalyst. During the hydroformylation reaction, however, small amounts of acatalytically inactive [RhBp(CO)₂] complex were formed.

Słowa kluczowe

Rhodium, N ligands, Electrochemistry, X-ray diffraction, Hydroformylation

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