

Rhodium complexes supported on zinc aluminate spinel as catalysts for hydroformylation and hydrogenation: preparation and activity.

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Streszczenie

The heterogenization of active homogeneous rhodium catalysts on zinc aluminate spinel has been studied. The ZnAl_2O_4 support was prepared by a hydrothermal process and characterized by transmission electron microscope (TEM), RTG, and textural investigations. The rhodium(I) complexes, $\text{Rh}(\text{acac})(\text{CO})_2$, $\text{Rh}(\text{acac})(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)$, and $\text{RhCl}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)_2$, supported on the spinel, gave $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$, $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)^+$, and $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)_2^+$ species, respectively, as confirmed by IR spectra. $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ on the spinel with an excess of PPh_3 effectively catalysed the hydroformylation of 1-hexene under 1 MPa of H_2/CO at 356 K. Aldehydes yield of 40–95% were obtained with an *n*/*iso* ratio of ca. 3. The coordination of 1-hexene to supported $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ species was evidenced by the appearance of a $\nu(\text{CO})$ band at 2053 cm^{-1} . $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ -supported on the spinel catalysed the hydrogenation of nitrobenzene and chloronitrobenzene at 1 MPa of H_2 and 356 K with a TON of 400–500 h^{-1} . The ZnAl_2O_4 support was prepared by a hydrothermal process and characterized by TEM, RTG, and textural investigations. The heterogenization of rhodium(I) complexes $\text{Rh}(\text{acac})(\text{CO})_2$, $\text{Rh}(\text{acac})(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)$, and $\text{RhCl}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)_2$, gave $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$, $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)^+$, and $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})(\text{PPh}_3)_2^+$ species, respectively, as confirmed by IR spectra. $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ on the spinel with an excess of PPh_3 effectively catalysed the hydroformylation of 1-hexene under 1 MPa of H_2/CO at 356 K. Aldehydes yield of 40–95% were obtained with an *n*/*iso* ratio of ca. 3. The coordination of 1-hexene to supported $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ species was evidenced by the appearance of a (CO) band at 2053 cm^{-1} . $\text{Rh}(\text{CO})_2^+$ supported on the spinel catalysed the hydrogenation of nitrobenzene and chloronitrobenzene at 1 MPa of H_2 and 356 K with a TON of 400–500 h^{-1} .

Słowa kluczowe

Zinc aluminate spinel, Hydrothermal process, Supported rhodium complexes, Hydroformylation, Hydrogenation

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