

Reorientational dynamics of organic cations in perovskite-like coordination polymers.

Autorzy

Magdalena Rok
Grażyna Bator
Wojciech Medycki
Michaela Zamponi

S. Balčiūnas

M. Šimenas

J. Banys

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Streszczenie

Here we report the dynamics of organic cations as guest molecules in a perovskite host-framework. The molecular motion of CH_3NH_3^+ (**MAFe**), $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{NH}_2^+$ (**DMAFe**) and $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{NH}^+$ (**TrMAFe**) in the cage formed by $\text{KFe}(\text{CN})_6^{3-}$ units was studied using a combination of experimental methods: (i) thermal analysis, (ii) dielectric and electric studies, (iii) optical observations, (iv) EPR and ^1H NMR spectroscopy and (v) quasielastic neutron scattering (QENS). In the case of **MAFe** and **TrMAFe**, the thermal analysis reveals one solid-to-solid phase transition (PT) and two PTs for the **DMAFe** crystal. A markedly temperature-dependent dielectric constant indicates the tunable and switchable properties of the complexes. Also, their semiconducting properties are confirmed by a dc conductivity measurement. The broadband dielectric relaxation is analyzed for the **TrMAFe** sample in the frequency range of 100 Hz–1 GHz. QENS shows that we deal rather with the localized motion of the cation than a diffusive one. Three models, which concern the simultaneous rotation of the CH_3 and/or NH_3 group, π -flips and free rotations of the organic cation, are used to fit the elastic incoherent structure factor. The ^1H NMR spin–lattice relaxation time for all compounds under study, as well as the second moments, has been measured in a wide temperature range. In all studied samples, the temperature dependence of the second moment of the proton NMR line indicated the gradual evolution of the molecular movements from the rigid state up to a highly disordered one.

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