

Synthesis, characterization, single crystal X-ray structural studies and packing analyses of two novel copper(II) complexes: $[\text{Cu}(2\text{-Cl-5-FC}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2(\beta\text{-picoline})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ and $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2](2\text{-Cl-5-FC}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2$.

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Rok wydania

2011

CzasopismoJournal of Molecular
StructureNumer woluminu

988

Strony

9-16

DOI

10.1016/j.molstruc.2010.11.052

Kolekcja

Naukowa

Język

Angielski

Typ publikacji

Artykuł

Streszczenie

Two novel copper(II) complexes, $[\text{Cu}(2\text{-Cl-5-FC}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2(\beta\text{-pic})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ 1 and $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2](2\text{-Cl-5-F-C}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2$ 2 (where $\beta\text{-pic} = \beta\text{-picoline}$, $\text{en} = \text{ethylenediamine}$) were isolated by addition of $\beta\text{-picoline}$ and ethylenediamine respectively to the hydrated copper(II) aryl carboxylate, $\text{Cu}(2\text{-Cl-5-F-C}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2$ suspended in water–methanol (1:4) mixture. The newly isolated complexes have been characterized by elemental analyses, TGA, spectroscopic techniques (EPR, IR and UV/Vis), conductance, magnetic susceptibility studies and single crystal X-ray structure determination. Single crystal X-ray structure determinations revealed the presence of covalently bonded 2-Chloro-5-fluorobenzoate groups in the complex, viz: $[\text{Cu}(2\text{-Cl-5-FC}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2(\beta\text{-picoline})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ 1 and ionic 2-Chloro-5-fluorobenzoate groups in $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2](2\text{-Cl-5-FC}_7\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)_2$ in 2. In 1, two $\beta\text{-picoline}$, two unidentate carboxylate groups and two water molecules are coordinated to copper(II) ion. In 2, two ethylenediamine molecules (4 N) and two oxygen from water molecules are coordinated to copper(II) ion. Hexacoordination around copper(II) is achieved with distorted octahedral geometry in both the cases. The crystal network in complex 1 is stabilized by $\text{O-H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{C-H}\cdots\pi$, $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{F}$, and $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{H-C}$ and in complex 2 cationic and anionic layers are held together by the $\text{N-H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O-H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{C-H}\cdots\text{F}$, $\text{C-H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions.

Słowa kluczowecopper(II), Coordination Chemistry, Ethylenediamine, $\beta\text{-Picoline}$, 2-Chloro-5-fluorobenzoateAdres publiczny<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molstruc.2010.11.052>

Strona internetowa wydawcy

<http://www.elsevier.com>

Plik został wygenerowany dnia 2026-04-19 00:02:30

Adres w repozytorium <https://old.chem.uni.wroc.pl/pl/repozytorium/m2SYOr9>.