

Organotin mefenamic complexes - preparations, spectroscopic studies and crystal structure of a triphenyltin ester of mefenamic acid: novel antituberculosis agents.

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The triphenyltin adduct of mefenamic acid, $[\text{SnPh}_3\text{L}]$ (**1**), the monophenyltin complex $[\text{PhSnOL}]_n$ (**2**), and the dibutyltin complex $[\text{SnBu}_2\text{L}_2]$ (**3**), where HL is 2-[bis(2,3-dimethylphenyl)amino]benzoic acid (mefenamic acid), have been prepared and structurally characterized by means of vibrational, ^1H and ^{13}C NMR spectroscopies. The crystal structure of **1** has been determined by X-ray crystallography. X-ray analysis revealed a pseudo-pentacoordinated structure containing Ph_3Sn coordinated to the carboxylato group. The structural distortion is a displacement from the tetrahedron toward the trigonal bipyramid. Significant $\text{C}\cdots\text{H}-\pi$ interactions and intramolecular hydrogen bonds stabilize the structure **1**. The polar imino hydrogen atom participates in intramolecular hydrogen bonds. Complex **1** is self-assembled via $\text{C}\cdots\text{H}-\pi$ and stacking interactions. Vibrational and NMR data are discussed in terms of the crystal structure and the proposed structures for **1**–**3**. Compounds **1** and **3** were tested for antimycobacterial activity against *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* H37Rv.

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