

Synthesis and molecular structures of the magnesium and aluminum adducts of a niobium-oxo complex. X-ray crystal structures of $[\{\text{NbOCl}_4(\text{THF})\}_2\text{Mg}(\text{THF})_4]$ and $[\{\text{NbOCl}_4(\text{THF})\}_2\text{AlCl}(\text{THF})_3]$.

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Streszczenie

The most active Ziegler–Natta catalysts of alkene polymerization are d^0 metallocenes of the XIII, XIV, and XV groups.¹ On the other hand, vanadium catalysts² generally show a d^2 or d^3 configuration. However, d^0 vanadium complexes have frequently been used as catalysts but were readily reduced to a lower oxidation state in the presence of a cocatalyst. The synthesis of high polymers based on simple Nb(V) species as catalysts has also been reported.³ It could be expected that V(V) and Nb(V) complexes would be effective catalysts if they could be stabilized in their high oxidation state.⁴ In this contribution, we describe the synthesis and characterization of Mg^{2+} and Al^{3+} niobium–oxo adducts. The chemistry of transition metal–oxo $\text{M}=\text{O}$ (V, Nb, Ta) adducts with electropositive metal ions such as Mg^{2+} or Al^{3+} as components of the catalyst is unknown yet. In a previous paper we described the synthesis and properties of products formed during reaction between $[\text{MoOCl}_3(\text{THF})_2]$ and $[\text{MgCl}_2(\text{THF})_2]$.⁵ For a Mo/Mg 2:1 molar ratio in THF a crystalline salt $[\text{Mg}(\text{THF})_6][\text{MoOCl}_4(\text{THF})_2]$ is formed which reacts further with 3 equiv of bis(tetrahydrofuran)magnesium dichloride yielding the ionic $[\text{Mg}_2(\mu\text{-Cl})_3(\text{THF})_6][\text{MoOCl}_4(\text{THF})]$ compound. The $[\{\text{MoOCl}_4(\text{THF})\}_2\text{Mg}(\text{THF})_4]$ and $[\text{MgMo}(\mu\text{-Cl})_3\text{Cl}_2\text{O}(\text{THF})_3]$ molecular compounds were readily obtained by interaction of $[\text{MoOCl}_3(\text{THF})_2]$ with $[\text{MgCl}_2(\text{THF})_2]$ in a 2:1 and 1:1 molar ratio in CH_2Cl_2 , respectively. However, compounds $[(\text{ReMe}_4\text{O})_2\text{Mg}(\text{THF})_4]$ and $[\{o\text{-C}_6\text{H}_4(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{WO}\}_2\text{Mg}(\text{THF})_4]$ arise from Grignard reagents or MgR_2 with R_2O_7 or WCl_4O in THF.^{6,7} Similar adducts with Al^{3+} were unknown.

Słowa kluczowe

Adducts, Catalysts, Cations, Molecules, Tetrahydrofurans

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