

Effect of the nature of second-sphere cation on the architecture of crystalline π -complexes $\text{Ca}[\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ and $(\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{N}_2\text{H}_2)[\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})]$.

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In the $\text{MCl-CuCl-HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH}$ ($\text{M} = \text{Ca}, \text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{N}_2\text{H} + 2$) system, the crystals of two anionic $\text{Ca}[\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})]_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (1) and $(\text{BimH})[\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})]$ (2) (BimH^+ is cation of benzimidazole- $\text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{N}_2\text{H} + 2$) π -complexes are obtained and studied by single crystal X-ray diffraction. Crystals of 1 are monoclinic: $\text{C}2/c$ space group, $a = 8.323(3) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 13.283(4) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 16.741(5) \text{ \AA}$, $\beta = 92.35(3)^\circ$, $V = 1849.3(10) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 4$; crystals of 2 are triclinic: $\text{P}1$ space group, $a = 6.901(3) \text{ \AA}$, $b = 9.898(4) \text{ \AA}$, $c = 9.987(4) \text{ \AA}$, $\alpha = 94.91(3)^\circ$, $\beta = 93.91(3)^\circ$, $\gamma = 107.59(4)^\circ$, $V = 644.7(5) \text{ \AA}^3$, $Z = 2$. Complex 1 consists of infinite bimetallic chains $[\text{Ca}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})_2]_\infty$ forming a three-dimensional framework through $(\text{Ow})\text{HCl}$ and $(\text{C})\text{O-HCl}$ hydrogen bonds. Compound 2 is built from discrete anions $[\text{CuCl}_2(\text{HOCH}_2\text{C}\equiv\text{CCH}_2\text{OH})]^-$ paired by edge-to-edge packing in the $[100]$ direction and large BimH^+ cations with face-to-face packing. In both structures, the π -coordinated Cu(I) atom has the trigonal environment involving two Cl^- anions and $\text{C}\equiv\text{C}$ 2-butyne-1,4-diol bond ($\text{Cu-C}\equiv\text{C}$ distance is $1.918(2) \text{ \AA}$ and $1.910(4) \text{ \AA}$ for 1 and 2 respectively).

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