

Cu(II), Ni(II) and Zn(II) mononuclear building blocks based on new polynucleating azomethine ligand : synthesis and characterization.

Autorzy

Karolina Zdyb

Maxym O. Plutenko

Rostyslav D. Lampeka

Matti Haukka

Małgorzata Ostrowska

Igor O. Fritsky

Elżbieta Gumienna-Kontecka

Rok wydania

2017

Czasopismo

Polyhedron

Numer woluminu

137

Strony

60-71

DOI

10.1016/j.poly.2017.07.009

Kolekcja

Naukowa

Język

Angielski

Typ publikacji

Artykuł

Streszczenie

Five new mononuclear complexes formed by the polynucleating ligand 2-[1-(3,5-dimethyl)pyrazolyl]-2-hydroxyimino-N'-[1-(2-pyridyl)ethylidene]acetohydrazide (HL): [Ni(L)(HL)]ClO₄·2CH₃OH (**1**), [Ni(L)₂]·CH₃OH (**2**), [Zn(L)(HL)]ClO₄·2CH₃OH (**3**), [Zn(L)₂]·CH₃OH (**4**) and [Cu(L)₂]·CH₃OH (**5**) were synthesized and characterized by elemental analysis, mass-spectrometry, IR-spectroscopy and X-ray analysis. The complexes reveal distorted octahedral N₄O₂ coordination arrangement formed by both protonated and deprotonated (**1**, **3**) or two deprotonated ligand molecules (**2**, **4**, **5**). The presence of non-coordinated oxime and pyrazole groups resulted in the formation of extensive systems of hydrogen bonds in the crystal packing of **1–5**. Potentiometric titrations, ESI-MS and spectrophotometric studies of complex formation in MeOH/H₂O solutions indicated the presence of mono- and polynuclear complexes with Cu(II), Ni(II) and Zn(II) ions. The solution studies carried out for an excess of Cu(II) over HL ligand (2:1 and 3:2 M ratio) indicated also the formation of polynuclear Cu₃L₂H_x species, with an involvement of additional nitrogen donors in copper coordination. In binuclear complex [Cu₂(L)₂(DMF)₂](ClO₄)₂·DMF(**6**) obtained in solid state, the Cu(II) coordination, analogous to the one in **1–5**, was supported by pyrazole N atom.

Słowa kluczowe

coordination compounds, Cu(II), Ni(II), Zn(II) complexes, Schiff base ligands, Solution studies, Solid state data

Adres publiczny

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.poly.2017.07.009>

Strona internetowa wydawcy

<http://www.elsevier.com>

Plik został wygenerowany dnia 2026-06-28 02:00:24

Adres w repozytorium <https://old.chem.uni.wroc.pl/pl/repozytorium/K2Mu9hL>.